

Code No: 21BA2T1

**I MBA - II Semester - Regular / Supplementary Examinations
JULY 2023**

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

- Note: 1. This question paper contains three Parts-A, Part-B and Part-C.
 2. Part-A contains 8 short answer questions. Answer any **Five** Questions.
 Each Question carries 2 Marks.
 3. Part-B contains 5 essay questions with an internal choice from each unit.
 Each Question carries 10 marks.
 4. Part-C contains one Case Study for 10 Marks.
 5. All parts of Question paper must be answered in one place

BL – Blooms Level

CO – Course Outcome

PART - A

		BL	CO
1. a)	What is Wealth Maximization and explain its relevance.	L1	CO1
1. b)	Show how you would determine the weighted average cost of capital of a firm.	L2	CO2
1. c)	Infer bonus shares and Rights issue.	L2	CO3
1. d)	Recall trade credit.	L1	CO4
1. e)	List the characteristics of marketable securities.	L1	CO5
1. f)	Extend risk analysis.	L2	CO1
1. g)	Inspect marginal cost of capital.	L4	CO2
1. h)	What is Management of cash?	L1	CO5

PART – B

		BL	CO	Max. Marks
<u>UNIT – I</u>				
2.	What is Capital Budgeting? Why is it Significant for a firm? Explain the nature and techniques Capital Budgeting.	L1 L2	CO1	10 M
OR				

3.	Equipment A has a cost of Rs. 75,000 and net cash flow of Rs. 20,000 per year for six years. A substitute equipment B would cost Rs. 50,000 and generate net cash flow of Rs. 14,000 per year for six years. The required rate of return of both equipment is 11%. Calculate the IRR and NPV for each equipment. Which equipment should be accepted and Why?	L4	CO1	10 M
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UNIT – II

4.	Define Operating and Financial leverage. How can you measure the degree of operating and financial leverage? Show the suitable example.	L2	CO2	10 M
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OR

5.	<p>A company has the following Book value capital structure.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Amount in Crores of Rupees)</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Components of Capital</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Amount</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Equity Capital (In shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12% Preference Capital(In shares of Rs 100 each, Fully paid)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Retained earnings</td> <td style="text-align: center;">20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11.5% Debentures(Of Rs.100 each)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11% Term Loan</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOTAL</td> <td style="text-align: center;">60</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Additional Information:</p> <p>a) The Market price per equity share is Rs 40. The next expected dividend per share (DPS) is Rs 3.60 and the DPS is expected to grow at a constant rate of 7%.</p> <p>b) The preference shares are redeemable after 10 years at par and are currently selling at Rs 75 per share.</p> <p>c) The debentures are redeemable after 6 years at par and their current market rate is Rs 80 per</p>	Components of Capital	Amount	Equity Capital (In shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid)	15	12% Preference Capital(In shares of Rs 100 each, Fully paid)	1	Retained earnings	20	11.5% Debentures(Of Rs.100 each)	10	11% Term Loan	14	TOTAL	60	L4	CO2	10 M
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	deventure. d) The tax rate applicable to the firm is 40%. Predict the Weighted Average Cost of Capital, using the Market Value proportions.			
<u>UNIT-III</u>				
6.	Explain the various factors which influence the dividend decision of a firm.	L2	CO3	10 M
OR				
7.	Elaborate MM hypothesis, walter and Gordon models.	L4	CO3	10 M
<u>UNIT – IV</u>				
8.	Determine the need and determinants of Working capital in a business.	L3	CO4	10 M
OR				
9.	Evaluate planning of working capital and Financing of working capital.	L4	CO4	10 M
<u>UNIT – V</u>				
10.	What is receivable Management? How it is useful for business Concerns?	L2	CO5	10 M
OR				
11.	Prepare cash budget for the three months starting from March 2019. Month Sales (Rs.) Purchases (Rs.) Wages (Rs.) Jan,2019 3,20,000 2,60,000 40,000 Feb,2019 3,34,000 2,52,000 42,000 Mar,2019 2,92,000 3,46,000 38,000 Apr,2019 3,66,000 4,06,000 34,000 May,2019 2,22,000 4,28,600 30,000 a) 25 percent of the sales is on cash. 50 percent of the credit sales is realized in the month following sales and the remaining 50 percent of the credit sales in the second month following. b) Creditors are paid in the month following the month of purchase.	L4	CO5	10 M

	c) Estimated cash at bank as on 1st March, 2019 is Rs.80,000.			
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PART –C

		BL	CO	Max. Marks																								
12.	<p>X & Y Company is desirous to purchase a business and has consulted you and one point on which you are asked to advise them is the average amount of working capital which will be required in the first year's working.</p> <p>You are given the following estimates and are instructed to add 10% to your computed figure to allow for contingencies.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Amount for the Year (Rs.)</p> <p>(i) Average amount backed up for stocks</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Stocks of finished goods</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Stocks of stores, materials etc.</td> <td style="text-align: right;">8,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>(ii) Average credit given</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Island sales 6 weeks' credit</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3,12,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Export sales 1 ½ Weeks' credit</td> <td style="text-align: right;">78,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>(iii) Average time lag in payment of wages and others Outgoings:</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Wages (1 ½ weeks)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2,60,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Stock, Materials etc. (1 ½ months)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">48,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rent, Royalties etc. (6 months)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">10,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clerical staff (1 ½ months)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">62,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Manager (1 ½ months)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,800</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Miscellaneous expenses (1½ months)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">48,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>(iv) Payment in advance:</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Sundry expenses (paid quarterly 1 advance)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">8,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Undrawn profits on the average throughout the year</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>Set up your calculations for the average amount of working capital required.</p>	Stocks of finished goods	5,000	Stocks of stores, materials etc.	8,000	Island sales 6 weeks' credit	3,12,000	Export sales 1 ½ Weeks' credit	78,000	Wages (1 ½ weeks)	2,60,000	Stock, Materials etc. (1 ½ months)	48,000	Rent, Royalties etc. (6 months)	10,000	Clerical staff (1 ½ months)	62,400	Manager (1 ½ months)	4,800	Miscellaneous expenses (1½ months)	48,000	Sundry expenses (paid quarterly 1 advance)	8,000	Undrawn profits on the average throughout the year	11,000	L4	CO4	10 M
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